

# Improving Health Outcomes in the Tropical North: Case Study

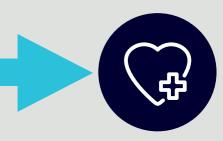
Tropical medicine and healthcare services are a key pillar enabling more Australians to live and work in northern Australia, and thereby expand the north's economic contribution to Australia. Through NHMRC, the Australian Government provided five years of funding to the HOT North research program, led by the Menzies School of Health Research. Headquartered in the Northern Territory, HOT North is a health research, translation and capacity building partnership that has had positive impacts in a wide range of areas. These include skin and lung infections, diabetes, mosquito-borne viral and bacterial infections, and increased community engagement in health research.











## Origin

The Asia-Pacific region is a global epicentre for emerging infectious diseases and drug resistance. Growing economic integration and population movements mean that disease epidemics are likely to occur and to reach Australia, more frequently

The Australian Government's 2015 Our North Our Future: White Paper on Developing Northern Australia included a focus on health care and medical research in Australia's tropical North.

The Northern Australia Tropical Disease Collaborative Research Program (NATDCRP), announced in 2015 as part of the White Paper aims to support research into the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of tropical disease, to build strong collaborations and capacity in the health and medical research workforce, and to promote effective translation of this research into health policy and practice.

A focus of the program is on closing the gap in Indigenous health disadvantage, particularly with respect to the main diseases causing this disadvantage such as youth and maternal diabetes, rheumatic heart disease, respiratory infections and



Improving Health Outcomes in the Tropical North

#### **Grants and Investment**

NHMRC funding has contributed significantly to improving health outcomes in Australia's tropical north. The NATDCRP, delivered through NHMRC. provided grant funding for the Improving Health Outcomes in the Tropical North (HOT North) program led by Professor Bart Currie at the Menzies School of Health Research, with funding commencing in 2017. This grant was awarded through a competitive, peer reviewed process.

Research and research impacts arising from this grant have also been supported by other NHMRC funding including to:

#### Associate Professor (A/Prof) Asha Bowen

- Postgraduate Scholarship (PGS): 2010
- Early Career Fellowship (ECF): 2015 • Project Grant (PG): 2017
- Investigator Grant: 2020

#### Dr Matthew Grigg

- PGS: 2014, ECR: 2018
- Ideas Grant: 2020

#### Dr Pamela Laird

#### Professor Louise Maple-Brown

- PGS: 2003, PG: 2009, 2015, 2019, ECF: 2010 • Partnership Project Grant: 2012
- Practitioner Fellowship: 2015
- International Collaborative Grant: 2015

# Professor Anna Ralph

- PGS: 2007, PG: 2010, ECF: 2011
- Translating Research into Practice (TRIP) Fellowship: 2016
- Career Development Fellowship: 2018

#### **Professor Scott Ritchie**

- ECF: 1996, PG: 2004, 2006
- Research Fellowship: 2013

#### Collaborations

During HOT North's first three years, 97 research activities were established, including pilot projects. fellowships and scholarships, that were instrumental in building the capacity of emerging researchers. These researchers formed collaborations with 23 research organisations across Australia and South Asia, and more than 80 health organisations such as health departments, hospitals and Aboriginal medical services also participated in these projects.

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mage: Chair of the IGC, addresses participants at erritory, HOT North

HOT North established an annual series of community engagement workshops in remote towns and cities across northern Australia.

These provided opportunities for local health professionals to meet university-based researchers and discuss research ideas for closing the health gap between Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians. By the end of 2019, 15 workshops had been conducted with 1.631 participants, and 290 presentations from Indigenous and non-Indigenous researchers

#### **Results and Translation**

A/Prof Bowen's project - the Antimicrobial Academy for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Care Providers - has developed a strategy for combatting 'superbugs' in remote health settings. Skin sores are the most frequent reason. for antibiotic usage in the tropical north, but preventing resistance to those antibiotics is an emerging science that remains inaccessible to many healthcare workers.

Dr Laird's research on how to reach children at risk of chronic lung disease more quickly found that effective communication does not require expensive media campaigns but does need to work in partnership with communities and ensure the message is provided in a culturally secure way.

Led by Professor Ralph, the Communicate study has investigated the causes of poor communication between health care providers and Aboriginal people that results in adverse outcomes including death. This study aimed to identify remediable barriers to the use of Aboriginal interpreter services at the Northern Territory's tertiary hospital, which currently manages over 25,000 Aboriginal inpatients annually.

The Diabetes in Youth project, led by Professor Maple-Brown, assessed prevalence rates of type 2 diabetes in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people across the Kimberley, Northern Territory and Far North Queensland.

Professor Ritchie has worked to develop novel mosquito traps for the detection of pathogens. while Dr Grigg has conducted research in Sabah, Malaysian Borneo, into how to improve treatment and reduce transmission of zoonotic malaria

## Health Outcomes and Impact

Healthy skin research, such as the SToP (See, Treat. Prevent) skins sores and scabies trial led by A/Prof Bowen, has resulted in the National Healthy Skin Guideline, a new tool now widely used across the remote health sector to prevent and manage skin infections.

Child lung health communication tools developed by Dr Laird in Western Australia, have begun to reverse the 'normalisation' of chronic wet cough by clinicians across northern Australia, resulting in important improvements in quality of care for children at risk of bronchiectasis.

The Communicate study has led to increased access to Aboriginal language interpreters at Royal Darwin Hospital. Within its first year of intervention. there was a significant decrease in self-discharge rates for Aboriginal inpatients

The Diabetes in Youth collaboration has led to a marked increase in screening and diagnosis of type 2 diabetes in people under 25, with Darwinbased paediatric and adult endocrinologists receiving more referrals for young people diagnosed with the condition

Mosquito-borne virus surveillance methods, developed by investigators in Professor Ritchie's Queensland group, are now used by multiple state and Commonwealth authorities to monitor for incursions of the Murray Valley and Japanese encephalitis viruses.

Plasmodium knowlesi malaria research, undertaken by Dr Grigg and team, led to changes in Malaysian national treatment policy and provided the evidence base for updated World Health Organisation (WHO) Global guidelines and Australian malaria treatment guidelines.

#### Project Grant (Ralph) Research Fellowship (Ritchie) HOT North (Menzies) Ideas Grant (Grigg) FCF PGS 04 05 06 07 08 11 12 13 15 17 18 19 03 09 14 (Bowen) 16 (Grigg) 2010 2020 Project Grant (Ritchie) ECF (Ralph) Project Grant (Bo CDF (Ralph) ECF (Ritchie) PGS (Ralph) Practitioner Fellowship, International Investigator ECF (Maple-Brown) Partnerships (Maple-Brown) PGS (Maple-Brown) Project Grant (Maple-Brown) TRIP Fellowship (Ralph) Project Grant (Maple-Brown) Project Grant (Ritchie) ECF (Grigg) Collaboration, PG (Maple-Brown) Grant (Bowen)

# A/Professor Asha Bowen

A/Prof Bowen is a Paediatric Infectious Diseases Specialist at the Perth Children's Hospital and leader of cultural transformation across the Child and Adolescent Health Service. She is also Head of Skin Health at the Wesfarmers Centre of Vaccines and Infectious Diseases, based at

Recently appointed as the Institute's Program Head of Vaccines and Infectious Diseases, A/Prof Bowen's focus is on enabling the rapid translation

#### Dr Matthew Grigg

Dr Grigg is a post-doctoral researcher and NHMRC Early Career Fellow who has experience acting and leading studies related to the epidemiology, diagnostics and clinical drug trials of malaria and other tropical infectious diseases in Southeast Asia, with a focus on zoonotic malaria due to the monkey parasite *Plasmodium knowles*.

Dr Grigg also works as a clinician in Indigenous remote communities in the Northern Territory.

#### Dr Pamela Laird

Dr Laird is a senior respiratory physiotherapist at Perth Children's Hospital with a special interest in and Cystic Fibrosis. Dr Laird is the physiotherapist for the Kimberley and Pilbara Specialist Respiratory service and has over 25 years of clinical experience in treating children with chronic lung disease in both Australia and the USA. She is currently undertaking research in the oving health outcomes for Aboriginal children

# Prof Louise Maple-Brown

Professor Maple-Brown is a senior endocrinologist and Head of the Department of Endocrinology at Royal Darwin Hospital, a senior principal research fellow with the Menzies School of Health Research and chair of the Northern Territory Diabetes
Network. Prof Maple-Brown established and leads
the Diabetes across the Lifecourse: Northern Australian Partnership. The partnership includes several large NHMRC-funded projects, including the Northern Territory and Far North Queens Diabetes in Pregnancy Partnership and The PANDORA (Pregnancy And Neonatal Diabetes Outcomes in Remote Australia) Cohort Study.

# Professor Anna Ralph

Professor Ralph is Director of Global and Tropical Health at Menzies School of Health Research, She is an NHMRC Career Development Fellow and co-director of Rheumatic Heart Disease Australia, as well as being a practising medical specialist in General Medicine and Infectious Diseases at Royal

Prof Ralph leads research programs in tuberculosis, rheumatic fever and cross-cultural communication in health care

#### **Professor Scott Ritchie**

Professor Ritchie is Director of Field Entomology within the World Mosquito Program that has successfully deployed the bacterium Wolbachia to prevent dengue in 13 countries, including Australia.

Previously, Prof Ritchie was a Professorial search Fellow in the College of Public Health Medical and Veterinary Sciences at James Cook University, and also within the Australian Institute of Tropical Health and Medicine's Centre for Tropical Environmental and Sustainability Science